

LICKING VALLEY COURIER.

VOLUME 5. NO. 35.

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WHOLE NUMBER 243.

AUSTRIANS REPEL RUSSIAN ATTACK

Reports From Vienna Tell of Continued Successes in the Carpathians.

DESPERATE CONFLICT IS ON

Petrograd Claims That Czar's Forces Have Assumed the Aggressive and Are Driving Enemy From Intrenched Positions.

Vienna, Feb. 8.—An official statement issued here says: "In Poland and Galicia the situation is unchanged. Russian attacks have been renewed at certain places in the Carpathians, but have broken down with heavy loss to the enemy. Our attacks continue in the forest region. The number of prisoners taken by us in the Carpathians has been increased by 4,000."

Russians Claim Victory. London, Feb. 8.—Interest is centered in the desperate conflict which is being waged to the west and south-west of Warsaw in Poland.

Directly to the west of Warsaw the Russians have assumed the offensive and claim to have crossed the Buzura river and to have taken some of the German positions south of Sochaczew. Immediately to the southwest in the re-organized army of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who is hurling his forces furiously against the Russian lines in another attempt to drive his way through to Warsaw, the goal which he has long sought.

The assault led by General von Hindenburg has resulted in one of the most furious battles fought since the beginning of the war. Only meager news has been received to indicate the trend of this conflict. Both sides claim success, but the reports do not indicate that there has been any decisive turn in the engagement.

German Air Dislodged. The Russian official communication from the general staff says:

"The combats on the Buzura and Raskava rivers continue with undiminished vigor. Our troops began an offensive movement, crossed the Buzura near its mouth, captured a portion of the enemy's position near Bakhova and dislodged the Germans from their bridge head."

"In the vicinity of Borzhimov, Goumine and Wola Szylowicka our attacks alternate incessantly with those of the enemy under an unbroken artillery fire."

"On the remainder of the left bank of the Vistula front, south of the Skiernewice-Warsaw railway, the artillery firing has diminished somewhat. We blew up a bridge on the Nida which had been constructed by the enemy near the village of Gerniki and repulsed some attempts by the enemy to launch an offensive on the bank of the Dniester opposite the bridge head at Conar."

"In the northeast Carpathians, in the direction of Oujok, we continued the offensive and took as many as 3,000 prisoners."

"To the southeast of Oujok we are still being subjected to very high pressure by the enemy's forces."

Emperor Nicholas has arrived at the Russian army headquarters at the front.

Airmen Shell Cologne. Amsterdam, Feb. 8.—Hostile airmen flew over the German city of Cologne and dropped bombs, then escaped in the direction of Dusseldorf, according to a dispatch from Berlin. The raid was made on Wednesday while a great number of German reinforcements were passing through Cologne.

QUARANTINE IS MADE STRICT

National Department of Agriculture Takes Action in Combating Cattle Disease.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The department of agriculture has placed the stock yards in Chicago, Indianapolis, Louisville, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Jersey City, Pittsburgh and Columbus, O., under quarantine following the discovery of cases of foot-and-mouth disease at all those points.

The quarantine, the department announces, is to permit thorough disinfection of the yards. Animals in contact with the disease are to be quarantined yards at the time of arrival and which display no foot-and-mouth disease symptoms will be permitted to move to destinations within areas already under quarantine and may be immediately slaughtered under federal inspection.

No animal found in the quarantined yards, even though apparently clean, is permitted to move into free Union Stock Yards at Chicago. The yards had been under a partial quarantine, affecting only certain sections. All the yards now are under quarantine again.

British Reply to U. S. Note. London, Feb. 8.—The foreign office has virtually completed its detailed reply to President Wilson's note on contraband and it is expected that the document will be transmitted to Washington within a few days.

MISS CATHERINE BRITTEN



Miss Britten, daughter of Alexander Britten of Washington, D.C., accompanied Miss Nona McAfee, daughter of the secretary of the treasury, to Europe where they will serve as war nurses. Miss Britten has been a prominent member of the most fashionable set in the national capital.

2 BATTLESHIPS VOTED

House Passes Bill Over Leaders' Protests.

Five Submarines Cut From Naval Measure—Appropriations Total \$144,648,902.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Over a strenuous protest from Majority Leader Underwood, the house in passing the naval appropriation bill, voted for the construction of two new dreadnaughts.

Representative Underwood declared the nation was facing a probable treasury deficit next year of \$35,000,000, and economy advocates led by him succeeded in striking out appropriations aggregating more than \$6,000,000 for five submarines, a transport and a hospital ship.

The bill as it goes to the senate carries \$144,648,902, and authorizes the following construction program: Two battleships of the largest and most powerful design, \$7,800,000 each, exclusive of armor and armament. Six torpedo-boat destroyers, \$925,000 each.

One sea-going submarine torpedo boat, \$1,400,000. Eleven submarines, \$550,000 each. One oil fuel ship, \$1,140,000. The proposed hospital ship would have cost \$2,500,000, and the transport \$1,100,000.

An amendment was adopted authorizing the construction of three of the six destroyers on the Pacific coast. Five of the submarines are to be built there. The fight for one battleship was warmly waged, and at one time it appeared was won. When Representative Hobson moved that four ships be authorized Representative Underwood offered an amendment to reduce the number to one.

The Underwood amendment was carried, 142 to 129. Immediately afterward, however, the Hobson amendment was amended was defeated, 148 to 139, thus leaving the original provision for two ships unchanged. The bill itself finally was passed without a roll call.

NAVY BILL GOES TO SENATE

The naval appropriation bill providing for the construction of two new dreadnaughts at a total cost of \$15,600,000, exclusive of armor and armament, was on its way Saturday to the senate from the house, where it was passed Friday night without a roll call.

In the senate efforts will be made to restore provisions stricken out by the house, including creation of a naval reserve.

26 DEPUTIES ARE INDICTED

Are Charged With the Murder of Unarmed Strikers at Roosevelt, New Jersey.

New Brunswick, N. J., Feb. 8.—Fifty-two indictments charging murder were returned by the Middlesex county grand jury against 26 of the 27 deputies locked up in the county jail here on charges of murder in connection with the shooting of 19 strikers at Roosevelt, N. J., January 19.

BIG STEAMER IN DISTRESS

Cunard Liner Reported Drifting in North Sea With Her Propeller Broken.

London, Feb. 8.—The Cunard line steamship Thracia is drifting helplessly in the North sea, with a broken propeller. News of the ship's mishap was received here from the Thracia's cargo.

TO DECLARE FOOD AS CONTRABAND

Great Britain Threatens Sea Reprisals Against Germany.

PLANS TO SEIZE ALL CARGOES

German Notice Ignored by Dutch Vessels—Liners From New York to Europe Will Continue to Sail.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Following the new "Berlin Decree" a rumor was prevalent here last night that the Germans had torpedoed the former Commander Campana in the English channel. The Campana was said to have been acting as a troop ship from England to France. At the navy department Secretary Daniels said he had no word of any kind in reference to the Campana.

London, Feb. 8.—While the German threat of a blockade has created a great wave of indignation among newspapers and the public, it is regarded by some high officials as a bluff. It is contended that with the small number of war vessels at the disposal of Germany it will be impossible to make the blockade effective.

The argument is that if Germany had been able to interfere with British transports carrying troops to France she already would have done so.

Plans Counter Stroke.

Nevertheless, a statement issued by the foreign office indicates the British contemplate a counter stroke. The authorities are considering, says the statement, "more stringent measures against German trade."

This may mean that all foodstuffs destined for Germany will be declared contraband of war.

So far as shippers are concerned little alarm appears to be felt.

Dutch Ignore Warning. The Hague, Feb. 8.—In shipping circles it is declared the German notice will have only the slightest effect on Dutch vessels.

Expected to continue their voyages, according to schedule.

In diplomatic circles the view is expressed that the notice is aimed principally at vessels carrying supplies from America.

New Yorkers Not Scared.

New York, Feb. 8.—The German admiralty communication declaring the waters around Great Britain and Ireland, including the entire English channel, a war zone after February 18 would have no effect on the movements of steamships between New York and British and French ports was the general opinion expressed by representatives of shipping companies.

Police to Serve Soup.

Detroit, Feb. 8.—Forty Detroit citizens have pledged an aggregate of \$1,000 a month for the support of a soup kitchen for the unemployed. The police will operate the kitchen.

DIPLOMATS MAY QUIT

Combine in Threat to Leave City of Mexico.

Friction With Carranza Government Liable to Lead to the Most Serious Difficulty.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Administration officials and the diplomatic representatives of foreign governments here were keenly watching for developments in the acute situation at Mexico City, where many members of the diplomatic corps threaten to quit because of serious friction with the Carranza government.

The advisability of united action for the withdrawal of all foreign legations in the Mexican capital because of the difficulty of code communication and the alleged slight respect shown them by the Carranza authorities already has been suggested to their home departments by diplomats of some leading European nations.

This would leave the interests of foreign countries in Mexico in charge of consular officers, thereby virtually severing diplomatic relations with the southern republic.

Peace Convention Begins.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 8.—More than one hundred delegates are here for the Mexican peace conference which opened Saturday. Following this convention delegates will be sent to Mexico to ask the war leaders to attend in person a second conference, according to Miguel Bolanos Cacho, who was selected temporary chairman of the convention.

WILL NOT INVOLVE BULGARS

German Officials Denounce Report Extensively Copied in Roumania as False.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—Officials here have branded as false the report printed by a Bucharest newspaper that Germany had requested Roumania to attack Roumania if Roumania took the field against Austria-Hungary.

JOHN D., SR., AND CARNEGIE TELL VIEWS ON GIFTS

Former O. K.'s Unionizing and Would Have the Worker as Partner.

BOTH GIVE AWAY FORTUNES

Declares He Believes Stockholders of a Corporation Are Responsible for Its Acts—Andrew Carnegie Bares His Soul.

New York, Feb. 8.—Both Andrew Carnegie and John D. Rockefeller, Sr., the world's two richest men, testified before the federal commission which is inquiring into the causes for industrial unrest.

In long statements defending their philanthropic foundations as a public benefit Mr. Rockefeller said he preferred seeing men get good wages rather than charity and Mr. Carnegie told how to establish the millennium.

Each multimillionaire related how through benefactions to mankind he was trying to get rid of part of the immense fortune he had amassed. Mr. Carnegie proudly and enthusiastically said his foundation and gifts already amounted to \$324,657,399.

"The work still goes bravely on," said the ironmaster. "I am, indeed, a most fortunate man and think myself in nothing else so happy as in a soul remembering my dear friends, to whom I owe so much."

After Mr. Carnegie had settled himself in the witness chair and prepared to read a statement he had prepared in advance he was asked what his business was.

"My business," he replied, "is to do all the good in the world that I can."

Tells of His Rules on Labor. His statement, as, in part, as follows: "I never bought or sold shares on the exchange; all my dealings were with the people."

For me to return to that calling, I should not consider the problem of labor as at all difficult. On the contrary, I enjoyed conferences with our men. We had one rule, come what may: We would never think of running our works with new men. Able, sober, well-behaved workmen such as ours were not to be picked up on the streets and we wished no others. We were very particular in regard to drinking: First offense, men were excluded thirty days; second offense, sixty days; third offense, we parted company."

Mr. Carnegie said that he had had only "one serious disaster with labor" at all. This was at the time of the "riot" at Homestead, Pa. Mr. Carnegie was abroad at the time and when he heard of it, he wanted to return home, but his partners requested him not to do so.

Raises Wages 30 Per Cent. "Some of the men at the works," Mr. Carnegie said, "cabled me: 'Kind master, tell us what you want us to do and we will do it for you.'"

Wages were advanced 30 per cent Mr. Carnegie said, after that incident. Labor and capital, he said, "will some day rank as one."

At the conclusion of Carnegie's testimony John D. Rockefeller entered the room and demanded to be heard as a witness. He was placed on the stand.

Mr. Rockefeller, with more restraint but equal satisfaction, explained how his gifts, estimated at \$250,000,000, are being diverted to public use.

Mr. Rockefeller began reading a statement, which he had prepared. "The sole motive underlying the various foundations which I have established has been the desire to devote a portion of my fortune to the service of my fellow men," he read. "The principles have been fully set forth in the two chapters from my book, 'Random Reminiscences,' which have already been made a part of the record of your commission."

Tells of the Foundation. "I regard the right to amend or rescind the respective charters of the several foundations which inhere in the legislative bodies which granted them as an entirely sufficient guarantee against serious abuse of the funds," he said. "Furthermore, I have such confidence in democracy that I believe it can better be left to the people and their representatives to remedy evils when there is some tangible reason for believing they are impending rather than to restrict their power for service in anticipation of purely hypothetical danger."

As for educational institutions altering their policies or form in order to get donations from the general education board, Mr. Rockefeller said he had "never heard of anything of the kind."

Calls Stockholders Responsible. "As to our foundation," said, "I don't think such things have ever happened. As to others, I do not know."

Regarding the responsibility of stockholders and directors for labor conditions he said: "I think the stockholders are responsible for the choice of the best men as directors. A large stockholder ordinarily would have more influence with a board of directors than a smaller one."

TERRELL URGES USE STATE AID

COMMISSIONER OF ROADS HAS WRITTEN TO COUNTY JUDGES THAT HAVE NOT APPLIED.

37 COUNTIES HAVE APPLIED

Five Cent Tax on Entire State Will Pay Into the State Road Fund Whether Counties Act or Not.

(Special Frankfort Correspondence.) Frankfort.—Commissioner of Roads R. C. Terrell has written to the county judges which have not applied for state aid under the act of 1914, urging them to do so and enclosing blank forms for the resolution of the fiscal court requesting aid. His letter follows:

"You will note from the enclosed list that thirty-seven counties have thus far applied for state aid and that your county is not among the list. There remains but a trifle over a month of time in which the department will receive applications for state aid from the counties, it being necessary to fix a date so that an appropriation can be made and work begun on the roads in order to give the counties an idea of the amount of money that they will receive from the state. The date has been fixed for March 4, 1915, after midnight of which date no applications will be received."

"You are aware that a five-cent tax on the whole state, and your county as well as Jefferson county, will pay into the state road fund regardless of whether you make application or not. Jefferson county will pay one-fifth of the total state tax, or \$120,000 of the \$600,000, the approximate state road fund. No county can get back more than two per cent; hence, Jefferson county would receive only \$12,000, or approximately that amount, and the other money as well as that from other counties that pay a large portion of the tax, will be available for the poor counties in excess of the amount they pay in."

"I call your attention to this fact and to the fact that you are missing the opportunity to receive from the state assistance in road building, which will not be kept open longer than the date mentioned, and in case you will fail to apply, the money does not accumulate to the credit of your county, but goes to the counties that do apply. Your prompt action in this matter and the action of your fiscal court as a body applying for state aid is advisable. If you have any reasons for not applying, or if there are any questions you wish to ask, please state them without any hesitancy, as I will be glad to correspond with you or give you any information possible concerning the state aid law. I would urge that you read chapters 86 and 87 of the acts of 1914 and make your application in compliance with Section 7 of Chapter 87 on the blank here furnished."

Reformatory Clerk To Become Editor.

C. C. Stamper, assistant clerk at the Frankfort reformatory, and one of the best-known employees at the institution, has tendered his resignation and will go to Jackson, Ky., where he will take charge of a newspaper purchased by his father. The elder Stamper recently secured the Campton Courier and will move the plant to Jackson. C. C. Stamper resides in Wolfe county and came to the reformatory under the former board.

Receipts Will Be \$75,000.

Thomas S. Byars, commissioner of motor vehicles, converted into the state treasury \$36,314.99 for automobile license fees, and \$92,249.99 for license fees, collected since January 1. He estimated that the fees for the year will be upward of \$75,000, and in 1916 fees should run as high as \$125,000. Licenses now expire on January 1 of each year, but this year part of the fees have to be prorated, because of the change in the dates of expiration.

Has To Pay \$697.81.

Frankfort, Ky.—Because County Clerk P. S. Ray, of Jefferson county, distributed funds as directed by the circuit court into the extra help account instead of accounting for it to the state auditor's office he has been compelled to pay personally \$697.81 on that account into the state auditor after an inspection by State Inspector and Examiner Sherman Goodpastor.

Will Represent Kentucky.

Frank C. Greene, of Carrollton; H. T. Barrett, of Henderson, and George L. Payne, of Frankfort, members of the state insurance commission, were appointed by Gov. McCreary to represent Kentucky at the conference on Uniform Industrial and Insurance Legislation, which will meet in Chicago February 13.

More White Tail Deer for Kentucky.

Thirty more white tail deer will be received this winter from Michigan by the state game and fish commission, it has been announced by J. Q. Ward, executive agent for the commission. They will be sent to the Pine Mountain reserve in Bell county, where there are about 35 deer, 15 of which are Kentucky bred, born last year. Mr. Ward said if the general assembly enacts a law for the protection of large game and declares a closed season for a few years, the deer will be set free.

JAPAN AND CHINA

MILITARY ACTION TO ENFORCE ITS DEMANDS UPON CHINA IS THREATENED BY JAPAN.

Italy Is Not To Submit—Ordered To Hoist American Flag—Protest Reported.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Peking, China.—Military action to enforce its demands upon China has been threatened by the Japanese government, according to a cable message from the Chinese Minister at Tokyo. It is believed in official circles here, however, that the communication should not be taken too seriously.

Both public men and newspapers are urging President Yuan Shi Kai to let Japan seize, by force, what she wishes, as China would be unable to oppose her, but refuse to grant humiliating concessions. It is reported that President Yuan Shi Kai intends to meet some of the demands, granting Japan such concessions as would be given to any other country, but stubbornly resisting any transgression of China's sovereign rights. The Government is observing Japan's requirement that secrecy be maintained in conducting negotiations, as it is desired to give Japan every opportunity of moderating her demands without losing prestige.

Italy Is Not To Submit.

Rome.—The extension to neutral vessels of Germany's threatened reprisals against British shipping is severely condemned here, although it is regarded as an attempt at intimidation. It is officially stated Italy will not submit to arbitrary imposition on neutral ships, as Germany has means of ascertaining the nationality of merchant ships by exercising the right of search.

Ordered To Hoist American Flag.

London.—The Press Association has issued the following under a Birmingham date: "Passengers from the Lusitania, who arrived, state that when off the coast of Ireland the Lusitania received a wireless message from the admiralty that it was to hoist the American flag. It did so and sailed under that flag to Liverpool."

Washington Protest Is Reported.

London.—The American Ambassador has informally announced in Berlin that an official protest against the German note establishing a German blockade which will endanger neutral shipping is coming from Washington, according to a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen. The dispatch adds that the Swedish, Norwegian and Danish Governments also are making representations to Berlin.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.62½@1.63½, No. 3 red \$1.61@1.62½, No. 4 red \$1.51@1.55. Corn—No. 1 white 80½¢, No. 2 white 80@80½¢, No. 3 white 79½¢, No. 4 white 78½¢@79½¢, No. 5 white 78½¢@79½¢, No. 6 white 78½¢@79½¢, No. 1 yellow 80½¢, No. 2 yellow 79½¢@80¢, No. 3 yellow 78½¢@79¢, No. 4 yellow 78½¢@79¢, No. 5 yellow 78½¢@79¢, No. 6 yellow 78½¢@79¢, No. 1 mixed 80¢, No. 2 mixed 80@80½¢, No. 3 mixed 78½¢@79¢, No. 4 mixed 78½¢@79¢, No. 5 mixed 78½¢@79¢, No. 6 mixed 78½¢@79¢, white ear 76@77¢, yellow ear mixed 76@77¢, white ear 76@77¢, yellow ear 76@77¢, mixed ear 76@77¢.

Oats—No. 2 white 60@61¢, standard 59½¢@60¢, No. 3 white 59@59½¢, No. 4 white 58@59¢, No. 2 mixed 59@59½¢, No. 3 mixed 58½¢@59¢, No. 4 mixed 57½¢@58½¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$18, No. 2 timothy \$16, No. 3 timothy \$14.50@15, No. 1 clover mixed \$17, No. 2 clover mixed \$15, No. 1 clover \$17, No. 2 clover \$15.

Eggs—Prime firsts 27¢, firsts 25¢, ordinary firsts 22¢, seconds 20¢.

Poultry—Capons, 3 lbs and over, 17¢@20¢; hens, 3 lbs and over, 15¢, 3½ lbs and over, 14¢; old roosters, 9¢@14¢; 3½ lbs and under, 10¢@14¢; young spring ducks, white, 4 lbs and over, 15¢@16¢; spring ducks, white, over 3 lbs, 14¢; spring ducks, white, under 3 lbs, 11¢@12¢; colored, 11¢@12¢; young hen turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 16¢; tom turkeys, 15¢.

Cattle—Shippers \$6.25@7.65, extra \$7.50@8, butcher steers, extra \$7.15@7.50, butcher steers, good to choice \$6.25@7.10, butcher steers, common to fair \$4.75@6; heifers, extra \$7.25@7.50, good to choice \$6.65@7.15, common to fair \$4.75@6.50; cows, extra \$5.75@6, good to choice \$5.25@5.65, common to fair \$3.50@5.25; canners, \$3.25@4.25.

Bulls—Bologna \$5.85@6.90, extra \$6.50, fat bulls \$6.25@6.65. Calves—Extra \$10@10.25, fair to \$7.50@10, common and large \$5@9.50.

Hogs—Selected heavy \$6.80@6.90; good to choice packers and butchers \$6.85@6.90, mixed packers \$6.80@6.90, stags \$4@5, common to choice heavy fat sows \$5@6, extra \$6.10@6.15, light and medium shippers \$5.90@7.05, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$5.50@6.50.

TO STOP GAMBLING IN GRAIN.

Washington.—President Wilson received a telegram from John J. Dillon, Commissioner of Foods and Markets, of New York, asking that he recommend to Congress the enactment of a law prohibiting "gambling" in wheat and other food products. Speculation in future deliveries of grain, Mr. Dillon said, had caused recent increases in the price of flour, which would soon result in the price of bread being raised. The Department of Justice is looking into the case.

Local and Personal.

Born to the wife of Henry McKenzie Feb. 7 a girl.

John Roe, of Flat Woods, was here Monday on business.

John Maxey, of Yocum, was visiting in town last week.

J. R. Cox, of Yocum, was in town Monday on business.

Ira Adkins, of Elk Fork, was here on business Monday.

F. M. Peyton, of Yocum, was in town on business Monday.

D. M. Murphy, of Ezel, was in town Monday on business.

B. B. Gevedon, of Panama, attended County Court Monday.

Edmund Burchwell, of Relief, was here Monday on business.

Ben Bosworth, of Lexington, was here last week on business.

J. T. Wells, of Cannel City, transacted business in town Monday.

Elder W. C. Nickell, of Panama, was here Monday on business.

W. W. Webb, of Stacy Fork, was in town on business this week.

J. W. Perry, of Yocum, was here Monday attending County Court.

Esq. Alex Whiteaker, of Stacy Fork, was in town Monday on business.

T. N. Barker, of Crockett, was in town the first of the week on business.

E. M. Williams, of Malone, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Crit Prater, of White Oak, was in town on business the first of the week.

Squire Nickell, of Cannel City, was in town the first of the week on business.

Miss Anna and Elizabeth Cottle, of Forest, were shopping in town Wednesday.

Osa McGuire and L. B. McClure, of DeHart, attended County Court Monday.

Miss Kathleen Phipps has been sick for the past week with a severe cold, but is better.

Mrs. D. M. Carter and children, of Pikeville, is visiting friends and relatives in town this week.

C. M. Bartlett, of Cincinnati, representing the Western Newspaper Union, was here last week.

W. W. McClure and R. M. Oakley visited relatives at Cannel City Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. D. R. Keeton, who has been ill for several days with la-grippe, is able to be out again.

Soup served on Court house square on first day of Circuit Court—proceeds for benefit of Baptist church. 243-2t.

Mr. and Mrs. William Allen Day, of Frozen, attended the funeral services of Mrs. Day's mother, Mrs. Katie Elam.

The Ladies' Auxiliary Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Jno. B. Phipps Wednesday, Feb. 17th. All members urged to be present.

Jas. H. Sebastian is visiting President Wilson, Secretary of State Bryan, Senators James and Camden and other notables at the National Capital this week.

Misses Orange and Martha Oakley are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Elmer Swetnam, at Nicholasville, and will go from there to Lexington where they will visit relatives.

LICKING VALLEY COURIER

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3, 1879.
ADVERTISING RATES—10 cents per
line, net, for space. Composition,
position, etc., extra.
Obituaries (cash to accompany or-
der), business readers, political read-
ers, etc., 5 cents per line per insertion.
All communications should be ad-
dressed to the Editor.
H. G. COTTLE, Editor.

Get in the good roads boosters' band.

Woodrow Wilson, the man who puts things over.

Up-to-date spelling of r-e-p-u-b-l-i-c-a-n-P-e-n-
i-o-s-e.

The farmers last fall voted against a return to tariff
graft. They'll do it again.

And still they come—the candidates for office who are
also candidates for free newspaper publicity. All right,
gentlemen. We have your measures and will remember
you in August.

Some people who owe us seem absolutely invulnerable
to a hint, suggestion or gentle reminder. One of these
good days we will be forced to speak more plainly and
when we do this we will not mince words.

START THE BALL ROLLING.

On another page of the Courier will be found a blank
heading for a petition to the Fiscal Court, petitioning
them to submit a vote on a bond issue for improved roads.
Cut the blank out and paste it on the top of a sheet of
legal- or fools-cap paper, and sign it and go out and get
your neighbors to sign with you, and mail it to the Clerk
of the Fiscal Court at West Liberty. The only way to do
anything is to go to doing it. All the talk in the world
will not bring good roads unless it is coupled with action.
When a sufficient number of people have signed the peti-
tion the Fiscal Court will take action and the matter will
be submitted to the people for their judgment on the
proposition. This petition only asks that a proposition to
vote bonds be submitted to the voters. The details are
left to the Fiscal Court to decide the location of the roads
to be built and the amount that will be submitted. This
is merely the first step in the matter, the starting the ball
to rolling, and let us hope that, like a ball of wet snow,
it will gather in volume and strength as it rolls. If you
are for good roads, get busy.

REAL FINANCEERING.

Sloane Gordon, one of the best known magazine
writers and war correspondents and who is now on his
way to Russia, for the National News Bureau, met an old
friend during a recent visit to Chicago. The friend, since
Gordon had seen him, had gathered in a fortune of several
millions of dollars.

"Gee," sighed Gordon, "It must be great to be a big
financier and have all the money you want."

"Financier nothing," blurted out the wealthy man,
"I'm no financier now. Remember when I was working
in Cincinnati, for a hundred a month and paying rent and
buying food for my family and spending money among
the boys? Then I was the real financier."

THAT SINFUL PRINTER.

Unobserved and unannounced the president of a Church
Society entered the composing room just in time to hear
these words issue from the mouth of the boss printer:

"Billy, go to the devil and tell him to finish that
'murder' he began this morning. Then 'kill William J.
Bryan's youngest Grandchild,' and dump the 'Sweet An-
gel of Mercy' into the hellbox. Then make up that
'Naughty Parisian Actress' and lock up 'The Lady in her
Boudoir.'"

Horrified the good woman fled from that place of sin,
and now her children wonder why they are not allowed to
play with the printer's youngsters.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.

From different parts of the country come stories of a
swindle successfully worked on farmers who thought they
were going to get cheap groceries. Two smooth strangers
went through the communities taking orders for a house
in Chicago, pretending to sell a standard brand of sugar
and flour so cheaply that every farmer visited took from
\$10 to \$60 worth, and other things besides. Because of
the low prices the flour and sugar had to be "paid in ad-
vance." It is alleged that in one community the swind-
lers picked up some \$3,000 and no groceries delivered.

SOME RECORD.

The newspaper has made presidents, killed poets;
made bustles for beauties and punished genius with criti-
cism. It has curtailed the power of kings, converted
bankers into paupers and graced pantry shelves. It has
made paupers college presidents, it has educated the poor
and robbed the philosopher of his reason; it smiles, cries,
dies, but it can't be run to suit everybody, and the man
will be crazy who tries.

SCISSORS and PASTE

With an Occasional Cursory
Comment by the Editor.

Dingledollar Dan.

Once there was a nice Old Fos-
sil living in a town about the
size of this.

When he was a Little Boy a
man gave him a dollar to run and
get changed.

He forgot to go back with the
change and that was the First
Dollar he ever earned.

When he died he had it still.
He used to pack his Money
down into his Jeans with a Hay
Press.

He could make an ordinary
Tight-wad look like Coal Oil
Johnnie.

When ever he needed any
clothing he grew Sick at Heart
to think of the Useless Expense.

He did not bother the town
merchants very copiously, but
when they saw him coming they
ducked into the trenches.

He beat them down on their
prices until they were almost
willing to give him the goods to
Get Rid of him.

Time rolled on until one day
there blew into the town an Out-
fit which rented an empty Store
Room and offered the good citi-
zens a chance to buy what was
left of a Bankrupt Fire and Flood
Sale Stook of Shoes and clothing
at thirty cents on the Dollar.

Ah! those were the happy days
of Dingledollar Dan.

He loosened up on more Coin
than he had Emancipated for
many, many years.

Money that had been mourned
as Lost Forever came back to
Life, Liberty and the pursuit of
Happiness.

He loaded up with clothes and
shoes from the Bankrupt Stook.

And in his mind he Groaned to
think of the Good Money he had
given the town merchants for
things that were No Better than
those he was getting so Cheaply
now.

He knew they were No Better
because the Bankrupt fellows
told him so.

One day it Rained.

To his astonishment the color
of his new coat ran blithely a-
way, the trousers shrank timidly
from his ankles, his shoes became
nice and soft like wet pasteboard
and the soles fell off gracefully.

He hurried to the Bankrupt
Sale to tell the gentlemen—but
they had gone to another town
about the size of this, looking
for other economical buyers.

Dingledollar Dan's funeral was
Largely Attended by his pros-
pective heirs.

Moral: Often the principal
thing Sold is the Customer.

San Diego, Cal. Jan. 30.

On the bet that he can make
the trip to New York via Jack-
sonville, Florida, and back to the
Pacific Coast in forty days by
automobile, A. S. Murphey, of
Pasadena Cal., is now on his way
eastward across the continent in
a high-power Mercedes roadster.

If he completes the trip in the
specified time, Murphey will win
\$5,000 from G. H. Guthrie, of
New York City. If the Pasadena
man fails, his automobile becomes
the property of the New Yorker.

Both men are making the trip.
After looking over the San Diego
Exposition, the two men started
from here over the National
Highway for Phoenix, Ariz.

From that City, they will go to
El Paso, New Orleans, and Jack-
sonville. A run up the Atlantic
coast to New York will be follow-
ed by the return westward
through Chicago, Omaha, and
Denver to San Francisco. At
the Golden Gate, Murphey must
arrive within forty-days limit in
order to win his wager, the two
men will visit the San Francisco
Exposition, leaving later for
Southern California, where the
trip will end.

To Prevent Lice and Mites.

Southern Agriculturist:
To prevent lice and mites in
the poultry flock and to keep
chickens free from gapes feed
sulphur in small quantities in
their food. Also add a little
turpentine to the food given small
chicks. Sulphur should be given
only in bright dry weather.
MRS. M. KLINE.

Whale Beef.

Something new every day is a
cheerful proposition, but it is
hardly to be expected that science
will discover something new for
us to eat when our crops fall short
or when our desires cry for a
greater variety. However, a bit
of interesting news comes from
the Pacific coast that we will now
have a new kind of "beef." It
is, in short, the meat of the whale
after the blubber has been cut
away. Seems rather repulsive at
first, but a little retrospection will
recall the fact that we eat tuna
fish which was subject to the same
objection at first thought.
It is planned to send out a can-
ning outfit with each whaler,
which will can the meat "on the
spot," thus insuring it being pack-
ed fresh. A whale of average
size will yield about thirty thou-
sand pounds of "whale beef," so
that it is estimated that the ship
will bring back 2,500 cases of prod-
uct ready for market. The in-
dustry was made necessary by
the decline in the price of whale
oil, which has fallen from \$2.50
to 55 cents a gallon.—Hartford
Courant.

Humorists of the Past.

Robert J. Burdette, once wide-
ly known as the "Burlington
Hawkeye Man," was the last of
a group of newspaper humorists
who flourished during the seven-
ties and eighties. According to
accepted tradition Benjamin
Franklin sounded the keynote of
American humor while signing
the Declaration of Independence.
"If we don't hang together we
are quite certain to hang separa-
tely," he said while affixing his
name to that historic document.

The wit of Franklin—and our
country can boast of no greater
wit than his—was founded on
wisdom, as was that of James
Russell Lowell and Oliver Wen-
dell Holmes, whose work has a
fine literary quality. There was
wisdom, too, although of another
kind, in the sayings of John Phoe-
nix, Artemus Ward and Josh Bil-
lings. The newspaper humorists

who have followed them to the
present day have not been able to
reach the same level of wisdom
and wit as their predecessors.

Danbury News, the Detroit Free
Press, the Burlington Hawkeye
and other journals dealt chiefly
with such homely themes as the
putting up and taking down of
the stovepipe, the inopportune
visit of the mother-in-law, the
return from the lodge and the
treachery of the banana peel.

The antics of the whiskered goat
served them all, long and faith-
fully.

Just now humor is at a low
ebb in this country. Even our
boasted sense of the ridiculous
seems to be disappearing.—New
York Herald.

Wild Life Protection.

The country seems to have be-
come aroused to the necessity of
providing ample areas of refuge
for migratory birds, and other life
against the ruthless slaughter by
a class of people who delight in
killing every inoffensive bird or
animal that inhabits the earth.

"In Louisiana," says a writer in
a metropolitan journal, "thous-
ands of acres already under con-
trol of the state and guarded by
state foresters to prevent en-
croachment by hunters, the Rock-
efeller Foundation has purchased
and dedicated to the same ser-
vice 85,000 acres more. In Michi-
gan, the public domain commis-
sion is planning to set aside 200,-
000 acres as a wild life preserve,

and in Pennsylvania another game
preserve is to be added, with-
in a few months, to five already
provided. In Ohio, 24,000 acres
of unused school and other land
are to be placed under control of
the state agricultural commission
for conversion into preserves. In
New York, rich owners of vast
estates have contributed land for
similar use, and in South Carolina,
North Carolina, Virginia and
Massachusetts these private be-
quests have been both numerous
and generous. In Illinois, the
state fish and game commission
has perfected its plans for the
purchase of the \$250,000 estate
belonging to a Chicago resident.
The federal government, at the
same time, continues to set aside
large areas to serve as refuges for
bird and beast and in brief,
throughout the country, the
movement is gaining rapidly.

For diseases resulting from consti-
pation use Dr. Miller's Laxative Tablets.

CANDIDATES' ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce
CHAS. D. ARNETT
as a candidate for the nomination for
Secretary of State, subject to the action
of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
W. D. O'NEAL,
of Lawrence county, as a candidate for the
nomination for Judge of the 32nd Judicial
District, subject to the action of the demo-
cratic primary, August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce
M. M. REDWINE
as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the 32nd
Judicial District of Kentucky, subject to
the action of the democratic primary to be
held on the first Saturday in August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce
JOHN M. WAUGH,
of Carter county, as a candidate for the
nomination for the office of Common-
wealth's Attorney of the 32nd Judicial dis-
trict, subject to the action of the democrati-
c party.

We are authorized to announce
G. W. CASTLE,
of Lawrence county, as a candidate for the
nomination for Commonwealth's At-
torney for the 32nd Judicial district, sub-
ject to the action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
R. A. DAY,
of Maytown, as a candidate for Represen-
tative from the 91st Legislative district,
subject to the democratic primary, August,
1915.

We are authorized to announce
A. C. OLIVER,
of Wolfe county, as candidate for the de-
mocratic nomination for Representative of
the 91st Legislative district, subject to the
primary August 1915

We are authorized to announce
J. C. B. BARKER
of Wolfe county, as a candidate for the
democratic nomination for Representative
from the 91st district, primary Aug. 1915.

We are authorized to announce
GEORGE P. DYER
of Wolfe county, as a candidate for the
democratic nomination for Representative
from the 91st district, primary Aug. 1915.

We are authorized to announce
J. M. MAXEY,
of Yocum, as a candidate for the democra-
tic nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of
Morgan county, primary August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce
J. T. (Topsy) FERGUSON
as a candidate for the democratic nomina-
tion for Circuit Court Clerk of Morgan
county, primary August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce
J. D. LYKINS,
as a candidate for the democratic nomina-
tion for Circuit Court Clerk of Morgan
county, primary August 1915.

We are authorized to announce
CORTIS K. STACY,
of Stacy Fork, as a candidate for the dem-
ocratic nomination for Circuit Court Clerk
subject to the action of the August, 1915,
primary.

Pocket Billiards

—The Gentleman's Game—



Our Tables made by
The Bruuswick-Balke Collender Co.
Next door to Dyer & Elam's
Barber Shop.
W. S. POTTS, PROP.

Famous Address

OF

Col. John T. Hazelrigg

DELIVERED JULY 4, 1876

Many of our older citizens will
remember hearing the justly fa-
mous Historical Address of the
eloquent Colonel Hazelrigg, and
because of the historical value of
it to Morgan county we have
printed and bound it and offer it
for sale while they last at 35
cents a copy. Address
The COURIER,
West Liberty, Ky.

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scription for FREE SEARCH and report on
patentability. Bank references.
PATENTS BUILT FOR FORTUNES for
you. Our free booklet tells how, what to invent
and save you money. Write today.
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Elderly people use Dr. Miller's Lax-
ative Tablets because they are mild.

If You Want

The Very Best in

Groceries and Hardware

Provisions, Groceries Notions, andies and
Fresh Fruits, Ice Cream, Cold Drinks,
Cigars and Tobacco.

Call on
HENRY COLE,

Lowest Prices on Everything.

Main Street. Opposite Commercial Bank.

Store Department

Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Co.
CANNEL CITY, KY.

Will be pleased to supply merchants with
Flour, Salt, Oil, Mill Feed, Blast-
ing Powder, Etc.

We have just received a complete and attractive line of
Ladies and Misses Winter Coats,
Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums, etc.

We have the best FARM WAGON to be had.

Give us a call.

JOE F. REID, Manager.

OHIO & KENTUCKY RAILWAY

M. L. CONLEY, RECEIVER

SOUTH BOUND				No. 15.				August 17, 1914.				NORTH BOUND			
Daily		Daily		STATIONS		Daily		Daily		Daily		Daily		Daily	
P. M.	Arr.	P. M.	Arr.			P. M.	Arr.	P. M.	Arr.	P. M.	Arr.	P. M.	Arr.	P. M.	Arr.
2 00	8 25			Licking River		1 30				8 10					
2 12	8 36			Index		1 20				8 00					
1 37	9 01			Caney		12 55				7 35					
2 40	9 05			Cannel City		12 50				7 30					
2 59	9 24			Helechawa		12 14	6 50								
3 05	9 30			Lee City		12 08	6 53								
3 33	9 56			Willurst		11 40	6 25								
4 00	10 25			O. & K. Junction		11 11	5 55								
4 05	10 35			Jackson		11 00	5 50								
P. M. Arr.	A. M. Arr.					A. M. Lv.	P. M. Lv.	A. M. Arr.							

Morehead & North Fork Railroad.
MOREHEAD DIVISION.

South Bound.				Time Table No. 10.				North Bound.			
Lv. Daily		Lv. Daily		STATIONS		Arr. Daily		Arr. Daily		Arr. Daily	
ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y			ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y
8 20 a. m.	8 25 p. m.			Morehead		8 11 a. m.	8 20 p. m.			8 16 a. m.	8 25 p. m.
8 25 "	8 30 "			Clearfield		8 16 "	8 25 "			8 21 "	8 30 "
8 36 "	8 41 "			Summit		8 21 "	8 30 "			8 26 "	8 35 "
8 44 "	8 49 "			Lick Fork		8 26 "	8 35 "			8 31 "	8 40 "
8 55 "	9 00 "			Paragon		8 31 "	8 40 "			8 36 "	8 45 "
8 08 "	8 13 "			Upper Lick		8 36 "	8 45 "			8 41 "	8 50 "
8 12 "	8 17 "			Craneys		8 41 "	8 50 "			8 46 "	8 55 "
8 17 "	8 22 "			Pretty Bra'ch		8 46 "	8 55 "			8 51 "	9 00 "
8 22 "	8 27 "			Lime Kiln		8 51 "	9 00 "			8 56 "	9 05 "
8 25 "	8 30 "			Buckett		8 56 "	9 05 "			9 01 "	9 10 "
8 30 "	8 35 "			Blair's Mill		9 01 "	9 10 "			9 06 "	9 15 "
8 42 "	8 47 "			Wrightley		9 06 "	9 15 "			9 11 "	9 20 "
8 52 "	8 57 "			Redwine		9 10 "	9 19 "			9 15 "	9 24 "
Arr. Daily	Arr. Daily					Lv. Daily	Lv. Daily			Lv. Daily	Lv. Daily
ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y					ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y			ex Sund'y	ex Sund'y

W. B. Townsend, Jr., Supt. W. W. Wrigley, G. P. A.

MORGAN COUNTY NATIONAL
BANK

OF CANNEL CITY, KENTUCKY

Capital, \$25,000

Surplus 25,000

Undivided Profits 7,000

"Honor Roll" Bank

Authorized U S Depository.

YOUR ACCOUNT CORDIALLY SOLICITED.
M. L. CONLEY, President. JOE C. STAMPER Vice-Pres.
CUSTER JONES, Cashier.

Winchester Bank, At the Same

WINCHESTER, KY

GUMPTION

Which is Common Sense with-
out Educational Furbelows.

BY L. T. HOVERMALE.

Let's Start Something.

The Courier has for years incessantly talked good roads, published columns of matter showing their benefits and has scarcely missed an issue that did not contain an urgent appeal for better roads in Morgan county. For some time it has been making a careful inquiry among the citizens and the opinion seems to be general that we have arrived at the time when some definite action should be taken to secure them.

So why not start the movement to secure better roads—to build some real roads in the county? We suggest that the county authorities put the matter up to the people by a vote on a good sized bond issue for building one or two across-the-county macadamized roads. Other mountain counties are doing this, and in nearly every instance the people are voting the bonds. Now when we can get the State and Federal aid is the time to push the matter. If we sleep the other counties in the State may get to work exhaust the amount that the State can appropriate and leave us still in the mud, or in the position of building our roads "without that assistance."

There is another big advantage in combining with the State in road building. The grades must be properly surveyed out, and the construction planned by men experienced in that line of work. When the State aids in road building one of the first requirements is that the preliminary work be scientifically done, the grades properly laid out, the drainage properly provided for, and the construction done according to approved and tested methods. Then when the road is completed the people will have the satisfaction of knowing that the money is well spent and not wasted. This is one of the big items in road building.

If we were to wait for the present system of road making to get us out of the mud, the child born to-day would be older than the Wandering Jew before it comes to pass. The county is wasting, yea, worse than wasting hundreds of dollars every year in an alleged attempt to better the roads.

Let's take a look at what we are now doing, and the money we are expending and what we are receiving for it. I haven't the figures at hand to give them exactly, but conservative estimate of the road expenses for Morgan county, including the salary of road engineer, the rights of way purchased, the wasted work on the roads that the county pays for (not including the work that the citizens do under compulsion) is approximately three thousand dollars. This is gone forever, and the roads are no better than they were fifty years ago. It is a senseless, unbusinesslike needless expenditure of money from which the citizens get no return. It is literally pouring money into the mud-holes.

If the above figures of our expenditures are correct (and if they are not exact the same ratio will apply), the money we annually waste and get no return for, saying that the amount is three thousand per year, would pay the interest on sixty thousand dollars worth of bonds at five per cent. Sixty thousand dollars will build twenty miles of road, rating the construction at \$3,000.00 per mile, which is a fair estimate for us. If the analysis of the time it takes to be good material, the might be considerably less. But twenty miles of road would not be sufficient, and a bigger bond issue would have to be issued.

The question that will first present itself to the citizens will naturally be: "Can we afford it?"

Let's make a few figures on that proposition, and compare them with what other states that have good roads pay. In some counties in Indiana the road tax alone is \$1.10 on each \$100.00. These counties have been building several hundred miles of highways each year until they have practically improved all their roads. The assessed value of Morgan county is within a few hundred dollars of two and three-quarter million dollars, and a road tax of fifty cents on the hundred would yield \$13,750.00 per year.

Approximately fifty miles of road will cross the county in two directions, and at three thousand dollars per mile for building would cost \$150,000.00. This would traverse the county both ways and give the farmer an outlet in four directions. This would, of course, be only the nucleus for further road building, as when the farmers and other citizens realized the value of these roads there would be others speedily built, and the county would soon become a net-work of well constructed roads. But to get back to the figures, the interest on \$150,000.00 at 5 per cent would be \$7,500.00. The revenue from a 50 cent road tax would be \$13,750.00, leaving a balance of \$6,250.00 annually to retire the bonds. This, in thirty years, would more than pay off the bonds. These figures are only approximate, and are of course, subject to revision by actual experts, but they are presumed upon the theory that the county pay all expenses. So with the State and Federal government paying half the expense, it leaves a wide margin to work upon. We could either issue less bonds, or better, build more miles of roads.

There need be no fear as to the future. That will take care of itself. In five years after two cross-county turnpikes were built the value of property would increase fully fifty per cent, and the revenue consequently increased, and more roads could be built. The increase in the price of farm products, the saving on the marketing them, and the general increase of prosperity that would accompany goods roads would make the taxpaying a saving to the property owners instead of a burden. The increased earning capacity of the team and of the farmer himself would make the paying of the road tax a source of profit rather than of loss. There would be a direct result to the taxpayers that could be seen and appreciated. We can not see the benefits of the taxes we pay now pay except in a vague and general way. In fact we derive no actual benefit from a great portion of the taxes we pay, because the money is not expended in a way that brings us direct benefit, and much of this is true because the lack of good roads keeps it from aiding us.

Let's get a move on us and go at the work of securing good roads in earnest. Talk it up in your own neighborhood. Get up a petition in the locality where you live asking that the question be submitted to the people for their decision. "Just talking," will not accomplish the result. We will have to get into action.

Good Roads are Means for Larger Crops.

That an improved road will increase vastly the productivity of an area through which it runs has now been satisfactorily demonstrated by studies conducted by the United States department of agriculture in Virginia. Conditions in Spottsylvania county were investigated with particular care, and the results have proved surprising. In 1909 the county voted \$100,000 to improve forty miles of roads. Two years after the completion of this work the railroad took away in twelve months from Fredricksburg, the county seat, 71,000 tons of agricultural and forest products hauled over highways to that town. Before the improvement of the roads this total was only 49,000 tons annually. In other words, the quantity of the county's produce had risen more than 45 percent. Still more interesting,

Louis Kay, 122 N. LIMESTONE, LEXINGTON, KY

All the leading brands of

Kentucky Whiskey,
Fine Wines, Gin, Apple Brandy.

NOTICE—We pay Express charges on the following in lots of 4 quarts and over Bottled in Bond goods.

Old Tarr, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Sam Clay, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Old Elk, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Cedar Brook, 8 years old	1.25 per quart
Van Hook, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Cedar Brook in Bulk, 9 years old, 117 proof	5.00 per gallon
We do not pay express charges on the following:	
2-year-old Sam Clay 2-stamp goods	2.00 per gallon
2-year-old Van Hook 2-stamp goods	2.00 per gallon
4-year-old Old Tarr, 100 proof, 2-stamp goods	3.00 per gallon
4-year-old Sam Clay, 100 proof, 2-stamp goods	3.00 per gallon
Pure White North Carolina Moonshine, 100 proof	2.00 per gallon
Bond & Lillard, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Old Tarr, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Sam Clay, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Old Elk, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Old Taylor, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Chicken Cock, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Cedar Brook, 8 years old	1.25 per quart
Van Hook, Bottled in Bond	1.00 per quart
Cedar Brook in Bulk, 9 years old, 117 proof	5.00 per gallon

APPLE BRANDY	
Pure Kentucky Apple Brandy	4.00 per gallon
No. 2 Brandy	2.00 per gallon
Kentucky Brandy	3.00 per gallon
Apricot Brandy	2.00 & 3.00 per gallon

GIN	
Stone Root and Gin	.75c qt. 3.00 per gallon
Holland Gin	2.00 per gallon

WINES	
Virginia Dare	.65 per quart
Sherry Wine	.75 per quart
Port Wine	.75 per quart
Blackberry Wine	.50 per quart

BRAND	Case of 4 full Quarts	Case of 6 full Quarts	Case of 8 full Quarts	Case of 12 full Quarts	Case of 24 full Quarts	Case of 48 full Quarts	Case of 96 full Quarts
Old Tarr	\$3.20	\$4.80	\$6.40	\$9.60	\$19.20	\$38.40	\$76.80
Old Elk	3.20	4.80	6.40	9.60	19.20	38.40	76.80
Sam Clay	3.40	5.10	6.80	10.20	20.40	40.80	81.60
Old Taylor	4.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	24.00	48.00	96.00
Chicken Cock	3.75	5.60	7.40	11.00	22.00	44.00	88.00
Cedar Brook, 8 years old	4.75	7.15	9.50	14.25	28.50	57.00	114.00
Van Hook	3.10	4.65	6.20	9.30	18.60	37.20	74.40
Bond & Lillard	4.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	24.00	48.00	96.00

HOW TO REMIT. Send bank draft, post office or express money order. Don't send cash in an envelope unless registered. Personal checks are subject to collection before shipment is made if party ordering is unknown to us. Don't send postage stamps.

QUICK DELIVERY. All packages sent same day order is received. We ship in plain strong boxes, bearing no advertising matter on outside and always securely sealed.

Date _____

Louis Kay, 122 N. Limestone, Lexington, Ky.

Enclosed find _____ for \$ _____

(Draft, Express or P. O. Money Order)

in full payment for _____

(Very important that we have your correct postoffice address)

Name _____

Express Office _____

Post Office _____

County _____ State _____

Write your name and address plainly.

NOTICE—After Feb. 1st the O. & K. will refuse express shipments of liquor, but we can fill your orders by freight and they will reach you almost as quickly, and safely.

We can now ship our goods BY EXPRESS to any point in Kentucky.

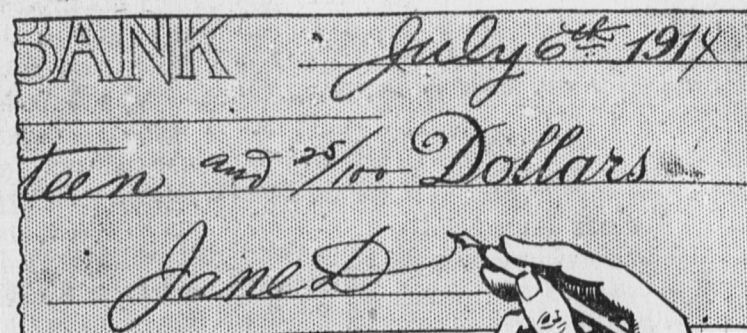
LOUIS KAY,
235-4 122 N. Limestone,
Lexington, Ky.

however, is the increase shown in the quantity of the dairy products. In 1909 these amounted to 114,815 pounds, in 1911 to 273,025 pounds, an increase shown in the quantity of practically 140 per cent in two years. In the same time shipments of wheat had increased 59 per cent, tobacco 31 per cent and lumber and other forest products 48 per cent.

In addition to this increase in quantity the cost of hauling each ton of produce was materially reduced. In other words, the farmers not only produce more, but produce more cheaply, for the cost of transportation to market is of course an important factor in the cost of production. From this point of view it is estimated that the roads in Spottsylvania county saved the farmers of that county \$41,000 a year.

In the past two years the traffic studies of the Federal experts show that approximately an average of 65,000 tons of outgoing products were hauled over the improved roads in the county an average distance of eight miles, or a total of 520,000 "ton mile." Before the roads were improved it was estimated that the average cost of hauling was 20 cents a "ton mile," after the improve-

Kodol For indigestion. Relieves your stomach. Palpitation of the heart. Digest what you eat.

PAY BY CHECK
Easier
Quicker
Safer

MORE women than ever are now paying their bills BY CHECK. It's EASIER, QUICKER, SAFER. If your husband doesn't see it, madam, he is hardly playing fair. PAYING BY CHECK saves you TROUBLE handling ready cash; it saves you TIME consumed in personal payment; it saves you WORRY over possible mixup; it assures your standing with the merchant. Use our checks.

COMMERCIAL BANK,
Capital Stock and Surplus \$ 17,400.
Deposits, \$ 100,000.

S. R. COLLIER, President. I. C. FERGUSON, Vice-President.
W. A. DUNCAN, Cashier. D. S. HENRY, Asst. Cashier.

West Liberty, Ky.

Special Prices
On Men's and Boys'
Coat Sweaters

Call and see before they are gone.

A Complete Line of Gents' Furnishings and Notions

A Fresh Stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and Provisions

CANDIES CANDIES

My line of Candies is still complete. I buy regularly and keep my line fresh. I still have a nice line of fancy box candy (chocolate) and keep it in stock all the year.

Boys, don't fail to take your girl a box of chocolate often.

D. R. KEETON

\$3.00 ONE YEAR \$1.75 SIX MONTHS

COURIER-JOURNAL

Daily By Mail (NOT SUNDAY)

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Look Here For It.

Things we all ought to know but which none of us can remember, and oftentimes don't where to look to find it.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Town of West Liberty—Officers:
Police Judge, A. W. Smith
Attorney, A. N. Cisco
Marshal, C. T. Franklin,
Clerk of Board Trustees, Byron Cisco,
Trustees, H. G. Cottle, Chairman, T. B. Sturdivant, Jas. M. Elam, W. H. Wheeler, M. T. Womack.
Police Court, First Wednesday in each month for civil causes.

MORGAN COUNTY
County Judge, S. S. Dennis,
County Attorney, S. M. R. Hurt,
County Court Clerk, Ren F. Nickell,
Sheriff, L. A. Lykins,
Treasurer, W. M. Gardner,
Supt. Schools, Jas. W. Davis,
Jailer, H. C. Combs,
Assessor, A. O. Peyton,
Coroner, Ollie B. Nickell,
Surveyor, M. P. Turner,
Road Engineer, W. B. Allen,
Game and Fish Warden, John M. Perry.
County Court, Second Monday in each month.

Quarterly Court, Tuesday after Second Monday in each month.
Fiscal Court, On Wednesday after Fourth Monday in April and October.

JUSTICES' COURTS.
First District, Jas. R. Day, West Liberty, Ky., First Monday in each month. Constable, G. M. Bellamy.
Second District, J. M. Carpenter, Omer, Ky., Tuesday after First Monday in each month. Constable, Martin Mannin.
Third District, J. M. Gevedon, Grassy Creek, Ky., Wednesday after First Monday in each month. Constable, S. R. Amyx.

Fourth District, B. F. Blankenship, De-mund, Ky., Thursday after First Monday in each month. Constable, M. C. Harper.
Fifth District, W. C. Taulbee, Insko, Ky., Friday after First Monday in each month. Constable, W. E. Bentley.

Sixth District, T. S. McGuire, Caney, Ky., Saturday after First Monday in each month. Constable, W. J. Griffiths.
Seventh District, D. M. Cox, Moon, Ky., Wednesday after Second Monday in each month. Constable, M. G. Wolfenbarger.

Eighth District, Jas. H. Lewis, Blaeze, Ky., Friday after Second Monday in each month. Constable, Bruce Perry.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
Jas. W. Davis, Chairman.
Educational Division No. 1, Jas. H. Lewis.
Educational Division No. 2, L. G. Murphy, Sr.
Educational Division No. 3, Mose G. Lacy.
Educational Division No. 4, W. M. Cox.
Meets Second Monday in each month.

CIRCUIT COURT.
Circuit Judge, M. M. Redwine, Sandy Hook, Ky.

Commonwealth's Attorney, John M. Waugh, Grayson, Ky.
Circuit Court Clerk, R. M. Oakley,
Trustee Jury Fund, G. W. Phillips,
Master Commissioner, S. R. Collier,
Deputy Master Commissioner, J. D. Lykins,
Morgan Circuit Court begins Fourth Monday in June and Third Monday in March and November. 18 judicial days.

KENTUCKY STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, James B. McCreary.
Lieutenant Governor, Edward J. McDermott.
Secretary of State, C. E. Creelias.
Attorney General, James Garnett,
Auditor of Public Accounts, H. M. Bosworth,
State Treasurer, Thomas S. Rhea,
Superintendent of Public Instruction, Barksdale Hamlett,
Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics, J. W. Newman,
Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Robert L. Greene,
State Senator Thirty-fourth District, Chas. D. Arnett,
Representative Ninety-first District, E. F. Cecil.

KENTUCKY COURT OF APPEALS.
Chief Justice
Judge J. P. Hobson, Elizabethtown.
Eastern Division
Judge John D. Carroll, New Castle
Judge J. B. Hannab, Sandy Hook
Judge T. J. Nunn, Madisonville
Western Division
Judge Warren E. Settle, Bowling Green
Judge Shackelford Miller, Louisville
Judge Charles Cyrus Turner, Mt. Sterling
Commissioner of Appeals
William Rogers Clay, Lexington

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
President, Woodrow Wilson, New Jersey.
Vice-President, Thos. R. Marshall, Indiana.
Sec. of State, Wm. J. Bryan, Nebraska.
Sec. of Treasury, Wm. G. McAdoo, N. Y.
Sec. of War, Lindley M. Garrison, N. J.
Attorney-Gen., Jas. C. McReynolds, Tenn.
Postmaster-Gen., Albert S. Burleson, Tex.
Sec. of Navy, Josephus Daniels, N. C.
Sec. of Interior, Franklin K. Lane, Cal.
Sec. of Agriculture, David F. Houston, Mo.
Sec. of Commerce, Wm. C. Redfield, N. Y.
Sec. of Labor, Wm. B. Wilson, Pa.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT
Chief Justice
Edward D. White, Louisiana.
Associate Justices
Joseph McKenna, California
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts
William R. Day, Ohio
Horace H. Lurton, Tennessee
Charles E. Hughes, New York
Willis Van Devanter, Wyoming
Joseph R. Lamar, Georgia
Mahlon Pitney, New Jersey

U. S. DISTRICT COURT
Eastern District of Kentucky
Judge, A. M. J. Cochran, Maysville.

LEGISLATIVE
U. S. Senators: Ollie M. James,
Johnson N. Camden
Congressman 9th Dist., W. J. Fields.

SCHOOL NOTES.

BY H. C. WILSON.

I regret exceedingly that the editor was disappointed in not receiving any school notes last week, but the writer pleads "not guilty," as it was not his time to furnish the school news. We certainly appreciate the generosity of the editor of the Courier in donating this column to the interests of the school, and I hope that hereafter each teacher will respond promptly when his or her turn comes for this duty.

We have nothing startling to say this week, but we do want to say to the good people of West Liberty and Morgan county that we are now having one of the most successful sessions that we have had since I have been at the head of the school. We have had 65 new students to enter school since the Christmas holidays, and new students are entering almost daily. Of this number 36 have entered the Normal department, and the rest have entered the High School and the grades. 13 new students enrolled last week and we are expecting several new ones this week. If they continue to come at this rate much longer we shall soon be taxed to the limit of our capacity. We are already in need of more desks, and I shall esteem it a special favor if any one will inform me of any near at hand that we can buy or rent. If the Normal department continues to grow at its present rate we shall have to find more commodious quarters for it before the first of March.

But don't let this statement deter any student from coming and entering any department of the school. We will find room for you, and there are a number of places where good board can be secured at \$2.50 a week. So come right on if you are expecting to enter school during the present term. You absolutely cannot afford to miss the splendid opportunity that is being offered to the young men and women of this county to secure excellent training at the hands of capable and experienced teachers.

There will be a spelling match held in the school chapel on Friday night, Feb. 26, and the old Blue-back spelling book will be used. Everybody is cordially invited to attend and take a hand in the contest, the parents are especially invited.

Prizes will be awarded to the winners. An admission fee of 10 cents will be charged and the proceeds will be used for purchasing books for the library.

Aged Lady Passes Away.

Mrs. Katy Elam, "Aunt Katy" as she was familiarly known, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. C. Maxey, three miles southeast of town Monday morning of infirmities incident to old age. She was 86 years of age and one of the most widely known and highly respected women of the county. She was the widow of James Elam, who died several years ago.

Mrs. Elam had lived a consistent Christian life from young girlhood and her religious counsel and motherly advice will be missed by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

Funeral services were conducted Tuesday afternoon by Eld. W. L. Gevedon, of Grassy Creek and Rev. L. A. Fryman, of West Liberty.

Interment took place at the family burying ground Tuesday.

Peyton.

Boyd Peyton, son of Assessor A. O. Peyton, died at his home at Cannel City Tuesday the 2nd inst., after a lingering illness of tuberculosis. He was 21 years old, was a consistent Christian and a model young man.

The remains were laid to rest in the Caney cemetery Wednesday.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all it may concern that I have sold out to Mr. G. W. Prichard all my interest in the Wrigley Mercantile Co. at Wrigley, Ky., and am no longer connected with the said firm, having closed out on January 16, 1915.

W. G. BLAIR.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for rheumatism.

Easter Hunt.

The Ladies' Auxiliary Club will give an Easter Hunt Saturday, April 3, at 2 p. m., at the residence of Mrs. Jno. B. Phipps. Admission, 5 cents. Come early and enjoy the egg hunt in the fields.

W. C. T. U.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will render a temperance programme on Sunday night the 7th of March at 7 o'clock at the Christian church. Everybody is very cordially invited to be present. It is the regular monthly meeting changed from Monday to Sunday so teachers and pupils of the school could come. Mrs. PHIPPS, Corresponding Sec.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I have withdrawn the rewards offered by me for the arrest of Jim Risner, George Heary Lewis and Charlie Harvey, escaped prisoners. This Feb. 5th 1915. H. C. COMBS, Jailor.

Savoy, Ill., Feb. 2, 1915, Editor Licking Valley Courier, West Liberty, Ky.,

Dear Sir:—Enclosed please find \$1.00 for which please send me the Licking Valley Courier one year. So wishing the Courier much success

I am yours very Respt. TONY H. CARTER.

Odd Bits of News.

Glencoe, Minn.—August Rannow, of this city, killed a duck the other day and when he was cleaning it discovered seven nuggets of gold in its crop. As the duck had never been off his place, Mr. Rannow expects to develop a gold mine in his back yard.

Mayville, Mich.—For the first time in the history of the state a girl has been appointed as a page in the legislature. She is Maxine Corliss, daughter of Senator Corliss. Her salary is \$2 a day during the meeting of the legislature.

Baltimore, Md.—Physicians were amazed recently when a child was born here in the shape of a mermaid. The child died shortly after birth and physicians at the University Hospital are making a study of the phenomenon.

Winthrop, Minn.—It is reported here that a well-known young man has just discovered that he had several live frogs in his stomach. The victim had been sick for several weeks and physicians could not diagnose the case until the frogs were discovered. He is now perfectly well.

Richer in 1915.

Among the "Fifty Reasons why the United States is to Grow Richer in 1915" the following are grouped under the head of "Agriculture" by the writer, B. C. Forbes, financial editor of the Hearst newspapers:

"American farmers, very tardily, are learning the incalculable value of crop rotation.

"The South has increased its winter wheat acreage 50 per cent and corn average promises to be similarly extended.

"A proper system of credit for our farmers is to be established, probably before 1915 ends. This is a consideration of great importance.

"Heavy immigration from rural Europe should provide our farmers with a more adequate supply of labor and should also lead to the cultivation of greater acreage throughout the country. "Our total farm products in 1914 are estimated by the government at almost \$10,000,000,000 in value, a figure never before attained.

"High prices for all food products will enrich our farmers during 1915.

"Prosperity is enabling farmers to buy more labor-saving machinery, purchase better grades of breeding cattle and improve their homes, thus making their daily life more comfortable.

"Remarkable advances in agricultural science combined with the unmatched efficiency of our federal department of agriculture have greatly reduced the danger of any general failure of crops."

Spirits To Stir the Spirits.

A reporter of the Advocate met his old colored friend, "Uncle" Billy Compton, on the street this morning. Uncle Billy is now rapidly approaching the century mark, but still seems to be hale and hearty. He, in years ago, used to be employed on a farm contiguous to Danville, the owner of which made the best apple brandy in this whole section of the country, and every Saturday night Uncle Billy, in those days being a celebrated and eloquent evangelist among the colored population, would procure a quart in preparation for Sunday morning. This seeming somewhat queer to the mind of his employer, he asked Uncle Billy why a preacher of the gospel needed brandy on Sunday. "Well, boss," replied Uncle Billy, "how does you expect me to fling de 'rousement into dem niggers widout takin' a leetle spiritual comfort myself?"

No Dodger.

President Wilson's Indianapolis speech has given the country something to talk about. The squareness with which he met the issues and the unqualified terms of his challenge to the Republicans satisfied the people, if they had entertained any doubts, that Mr. Wilson is no dodger and is not afraid to stand in the open.

The frankness and candor displayed in the treatment of the matters under discussion must have won additional admirers for the President's caliber as a statesman. His position on each question is sound and his logic is hard to overthrow. President Wilson is a believer in the policy of publicity. There are many things in his administration which he may find proper to defend, but nothing that he would conceal. It is again in evidence that Wilson is a strong man.—The Charlotte Observer.

A Treaty That Was Not "A Scrap of Paper."

No higher tribute has perhaps ever been paid an American President by a foreign statesman than is contained in Lord Bryce's commendation of President Wilson's steadfastness in upholding the integrity of the Panama Canal Treaty, in a letter to Hugh Gordon Miller, printed elsewhere:

"No praise can be too high for the rectitude and the courage which he showed on this occasion. Wisdom also he showed, and clear foresight. He perceived that one of America's greatest assets is her reputation for righteous dealing and for loyalty to the international obligations she has undertaken. He understood the mind and conscience of the American people, and knew that when an appeal was made to them in the name of good faith they would respond. The result has vindicated his judgment."—The New York World (Ind.)

Northeastern Kentucky Press Association.

At a meeting of the Northeastern Kentucky Press Association, held in the Phoenix hotel at Falmouth, Jan. 28th, it was unanimously agreed that their next meeting be held in Cynthiana, on Friday, Feb. 26. Every newspaper editor or manager in Northeastern Kentucky is earnestly requested to be present and join in discussions pertaining to the business.

Mr. Hiram Duly, of the Flemingsburg Times-Democrat and W. D. Mefford, of the Pendletonian, were chosen temporary president and secretary respectively. All editors in Northeastern Kentucky are requested to publish this notice and give the meeting as wide a publicity as possible. W. D. MEFFORD, Secretary.

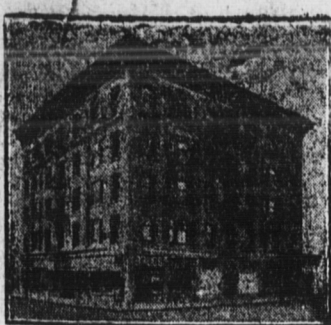
New World's Milk Record.

Tilly Alcartra, a California Holstein cow, has just established a new world's milk record, giving 30,456 pounds of milk, making over half a ton of butter, during her year of test.—Southern Agriculturist.

Neuralgia causes great suffering. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills give great relief.

To Cure Constipation Forever, Take Cascarella's Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fails to cure, druggists refund money.

For dullness resulting from constipation use Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets.



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GRASSY CREEK.

The way the present winter continues reminds one of the winters of long ago. But this is the best time of the year to have winter.

I was real sorry to hear of the death of Elder John R. Wheeler, who had been our associate for years.

Elder G. V. Lykins and son, of Winchester, are visiting relatives and friends on Grassy Creek this week.

He is a welcome visitor among us. Elder J. L. Ferguson, of Indiana, has just returned from Florida, where he has been visiting his son, George, who has been quite sick.

Aunt Rachel Castle, of Nickell, is very sick—not expected to live.

G. C. Ferguson and Miss Nanie Carter were united in marriage on the 6th inst., W. F. Lykins officiating.

J. H. Gose, of Grassy Creek, has moved to Russell Brown's farm on Little Caney.

The writer has had a severe attack of erysipels but is better. Western Peyton has bought a boundary of timber of T. F. Stamper, of Grassy Creek, and will begin to manufacture same into ties and staves immediately.

Eld. J. L. Gannon has gone to join Elder W. L. Gevedon in a meeting at Wells Union.

A number of revival meetings are being conducted throughout the county. A meeting is in progress at the Stacy school house conducted by Elders J. M. Oney, C. F. Testerman and others. Also one at Sycamore Grove conducted by Elder Leonard Music and Esq. T. H. Testerman. Each of them are reported as being a success. It is to be hoped that much good will be accomplished ere these meetings close.

FAIR PLAY.

WHITE OAK.

Dr. C. C. Wheeler, of Caney, was the guest of W. B. Little Thursday night.

Mrs. Nick Elam visited home folks last week.

D. B. Allen is on the sick list. W. A. Allen and Jim Nickell, of Malone, left the 9th with 42 head of cattle for the Mt. Sterling market.

Finley and Mildred Cisco, of Mt. Sterling, are visiting their grandfather and uncle M. H. and Ollie Lacy at this place.

B. J. and Nick Elam made a business trip to Wells station Thursday.

Mrs. Ollie Lacy and son Paul and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Allen spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Little and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Carpenter, of Salyersville, are visiting relatives here this week.

Mack Little, and Cleveland Vance made a business trip to West Liberty Monday.

George E. Nickell was thrown from a young mule Wednesday. The mule kicked him in the mouth, cutting a small gash in his upper lip, knocked one tooth out and broke two off. He was unconscious for several hours.

FERN.

DINGUS.

Mrs. Susan Bailey, who has been sick for some time, is reported worse at this writing.

Sylvester Conley visited at Crockett Saturday night.

J. H. Wheeler is on a business trip to Huntington and Ironton. J. E. Ferguson, of Elamton,

WELCOME

THE POCKET BILLIARD PLAYERS

of West Liberty and vicinity are invited to visit the

Billiard Parlors

under Cole's grocery. A trial will convince you that

My Tables

are of the

Highest Standard

A. T. FERGUSON, PROPRIETOR.

Business Man Praises Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy

Successful Merchant After Investigation Found a Remedy That Restored His Health.

"This is Thanksgiving day in the state of Pennsylvania, and I want to devote a part of it in writing a letter to you. On the 26th day of November, 1910, I was stricken with heart trouble. My family physician called it Angina Pectoris. I had attacks in 24 hours, in the latter part of December, 1910. I wrote to the Miles Medical Co. for information concerning my case, and in reply I received a very kind and instructive letter, which I handed to my family doctor, and he told me to use your Remedies in connection with the medicine he gave me, so I did. I used five bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy and seven bottles of Dr. Miles' Nerve and Brain Tonic. I was confined to the house for about four months. The action of my heart is now, and has been normal for the last six months. I can truly recommend Dr. Miles' Nerve and Brain Tonic to do what they are intended for, if used according to directions. I thank you kindly for your advice in answer to my monthly reports. I am now sixty-seven years of age, have been in the mercantile business for thirty-five years and lived retired for the last thirteen years." A. B. HOLLINGER, Lincoln, Penna.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is sold and guaranteed by all druggists. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

who was recently wedded to Miss Hettie Mullins, of Florress, is building a house on his farm near Dingus and will move to it in a short time.

Elbert Nickell, of Florress, is preparing to move on a farm owned by Ed Bolen, near B. F. Williams' residence.

Rev. J. W. Beulhimer closed his singing school at Alice Sunday. This is two successive schools he has taught this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Osborne, of Ironton, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Osborne and Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Williams.

Rev. J. K. Patrick and the writer had the pleasure of being at New Salem church at Moon, at the close of a revival meeting. The services were conducted at a school house for two weeks and were successfully carried on two more weeks. The old Regular Baptist the Enterprise and United Baptist all joined in their best efforts for the salvation of souls, and as a result of their oneness God answered prayer and about thirty souls testified to the saving grace of God. It was indeed a glorious meeting. Some, who had been converted for a number of years and had taken but little interest before were revived and proved to be efficient workers in the vineyard of the Lord.

SLAB.

Kodol for indigestion. Relieves sour stomach, palpitation of the heart. Digests what you eat.

Sheriff's Sale For Taxes.

By virtue of the taxes due the State of Kentucky and the County of Morgan for the year 1914, I, or one of my deputies, will, on

MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1915,

(it being the first day of a county court) at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., or thereafter at the front door of the court house in the town of West Liberty, offer for sale at public outcry, for cash in hand, the following real estate, to satisfy said unpaid taxes:

Name of Owner	Nearest resident	Valuation	Amount of Tax	Penalty & Int.	Cost	Total
Arnett, H.	James Little	600	7.20	.50	1.00	8.70
American Cannel Coal Co		1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Barker, G. H.	H Ferguson	500	6.00	.42	1.00	7.42
Barnett, Clayborn	James Barnett	100	1.20	.08	1.00	2.28
Barker, James	W C Brown	275	3.30	.25	1.00	4.55
Banks, Donaho	George Fairchilds	300	3.60	.25	1.00	4.85
Byrd, K B	W T Halsey	450	5.40	.38	1.00	6.78
Consolidated Coal & Coke & Timber Co.	Blair tract	5,000	60.00	4.20	1.00	65.20
Collins, F M	Zack McClurg	150	1.80	.14	1.00	2.94
Coffee, J C	T J Whitt	100	1.20	.08	1.00	2.28
Campbell, Sabrina	Willie Pelfrey	100	1.20	.08	1.00	2.28
Colbert, George	John Dehart	600	7.20	.42	1.00	8.62
Deering, W G	Newt & Lee Adkins	1,500	18.00	1.26	1.00	20.26
Dickenson, H C	G W Belamy	75	.90	.07	1.00	1.97
Day, W A	Frank Mannin	150	1.80	.11	1.00	2.91
Darham, H W		1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Eastman, J C	T H Bailey	600	7.20	.50	1.00	8.70
Elam, Mary E	E B Perry	800	9.60	.65	1.00	11.25
Elam, D P	Charlie Reed	600	7.20	.51	1.00	8.71
Fell, W J or E Myers	Lucy Elam	500	6.00	.42	1.00	7.42
Ferguson, J W	J M Lykins	500	6.00	.42	1.00	7.42
Hall, Flannery	Annie Pack	200	2.40	.17	1.00	3.57
Harvey, G W	W W Howard	225	2.70	.20	1.00	3.90
Holiday, Jilson	C V Reed	150	1.80	.14	1.00	2.94
Heyden, Albert M	W H Taulbee	1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Hewitt, I P	Carr branch, N. Fork	1,500	18.00	1.26	1.00	20.26
Haney, M S	John Morris	250	3.00	.21	1.00	4.21
Hubbard, W W		1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Kennedy, James	Wise Bank	2,500	30.00	2.10	1.00	32.10
Kidd, Edman	John Seccrest	1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Lewis, Moses H		175	2.10	.15	1.00	3.25
Lykins, L F	In town of Caney	150	1.80	.13	1.00	2.93
May, R W	Henry Hanes	250	3.00	.21	1.00	4.21
McNeal, J J		1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Nickell, Gillie A	W T Ward	300	3.60	.25	1.00	4.85
North Fork Cannel Coal Company	Frank Walsh	25,000	300.00	21.00	1.00	322.00
Pack, Annie	Henry Allen	200	2.40	.17	1.00	3.57
Reese & Scott	Standing timber Elk Fk	10,000	120.00	8.40	1.00	129.40
Reese Lumber Co., S B	Boon Day	7,000	84.00	5.88	1.00	90.88
Roper-Reese Lumber Co		40,000	480.00	33.60	1.00	514.60
Rose, Mary (Bill Jake's daughter)	K Oldfield	400	4.80	.34	1.00	6.14
Rowe, Newton		400	4.80	.34	1.00	6.14
Smith, Elliott C	Mineral land	2,800	26.16	1.83	1.00	28.99
Smith, William	Mary J Adkins	1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Salyers, J J	White Oak	200	2.40	.17	1.00	3.57
Tersell, C S	Elk Fork	200	2.40	.17	1.00	3.57
Thompson, Henry C	S J Davis	500	6.00	.42	1.00	7.42
Union Coal Co	Coal land on N. Fork	1,000	12.00	.84	1.00	13.84
Wilson, Steve	Logan Hamilton	300	3.60	.25	1.00	4.85
Yale Lumber Co	On Licking river	7,475	90.70	6.35	1.00	98.05
Middle States Realty Co	Ann Hamilton	4,000	48.00	3.34	1.00	52.34
Scamahorn, A	Standing Timber E. Fork	1,800	21.60	1.73	1.00	24.33
Myer & Meek		500	6.00	.54	1.00	7.54

L. A. LYKINS, SHERIFF MORGAN COUNTY.

Also, at the same time and place E. D. Hamilton, deputy sheriff, will sell the following real estate for tax due for the years given:

Ward, Louie	1914	\$200	\$2.40	\$	\$	\$0.20	\$1.00	\$2.60
Jenkins, Ed	1914	25	.30	1.50		.15	1.00	2.95
Jenkins, Ed	1911	25	1.25	2.00		.75	1.00	5.00
Smith, Dennis	1913		.31			.05	1.00	1.36
Greer, Jas (same tract)	1914		.24	1.50	1.00	.08	1.00	3.82
Williams, W. A.	1913		1.00	2.00		.47	1.00	5.55
" "	1914		1.80	1.50	1.00	.37	1.00	5.67
Wright's heirs, Philip	1910-11-12-13-14		10.28			1.22	1.00	13.50
Keeton, Sims	1913		1.80	2.00	1.00	.50	1.00	6.30
" "	1914		1.80	1.50	2.00	.40	1.00	6.60
O'Neal, John &c	1914		1.00	1.20		.10	1.00	3.30
O'Neal, J H	1914		.50	.00		.04	1.00	1.54
Robbins, Rosco	1913-14		.38	3.50		.25	1.00	5.13
Also by Luther Pierat, deputy sheriff								
Lawson, R F	1914	100	1.26	2.00	1.00	.85	1.00	6.11